4CMMRD

Patient- (*Willbeg	No*:malefemaleYear of birth			
Referrin	g Center: Case Manager*			
*TelNo	.:*Email:*Email:			
Date of questionnaire:				
Prerequisites:				
A) Clinical signs raising the suspicion of NF1 or Legius syndrome				
1) C	afé au lait spots (CALS), hyperpigmented skin areas: yes no			
Т	ypical NF1-associated CALS: no. > 1cm [] max. size (cm) []			
Т	ypical NF1-associated CALS: no. < 1cm [] max. size (cm) []			
N	Aacules with irregular boarders and/or pigmentation: no. > 1cm [] max. size (cm) []			
В	ody distribution of CALS/hyperpigmented macules: segmental generalized			
2) C	Other signs of NF1 yes no Specify (number)			
_				

Describe the localization and type of cutaneous and pigmentary alterations or indicate in the body scheme below:





B) N (may l	F1 and SPRED1 mutation analysis be filled retrospectively by laboratory performing analysis)
1)	NF1 mutation analysis performed: yes no
	Specify lab that performed the analysis and method used:
	menti on all methods a pplied: e.g. massive parallel s equencing of gene panel (NGS, incl./excl. CNV a nalysis), RNA- a na lysis by cDNA s equencing, CNV-analysis by MLPA, other
	Mutation or variant of unknown significance (VUS) found: yes no
	If yes, specify mutation or VUS:
	name mutation/VUS at cDNA and protein level
2)	SPRED1 mutation analysis performed: yes no
	Specify method used:
	mention all methods a pplied: e.g. massive parallel sequencing of gene panel (NGS, incl./excl. CNV analysis), RNA-analysis by cDNA sequencing, CNV-analysis by MLPA, other
	Mutation or variant of unknown significance (VUS) found: yes no
	If yes, specify mutation or VUS:
	name mutation/VUS at cDNA and protein level
C) Ak	osence of diagnostic NF1 sign(s) in both patents
1) Diagnostic NF1 sign(s) in mother : yes no not assessed Status was *:
	a. assessed by physical examination by referring physician
	b. selfreported upon interrogation
*†	c. reported by partner/close releative upon interrogation
2) DiagnosticNF1sign(s) in father : yes no not assessed
	a. assessed by physical examination by referring physician
	b. selfreported upon interrogation
	c. reported by partner/close releative upon interrogation *tick only one



Additional features, at least one (either in the family or in the patient) is required In the family:				
1)	Consanguinity of parents*: yes no unknown *as reported by parents specify relationship			
2)	Both parents come from a population with known MMR gene founder mutations: yes no			
	If yes, specify population and known MMR gene founder mutation			
3)	Sibling with diagnostic NF1 sign(s): yes no			
	If yes, [] no. of siblings, specify signs			
	 reported by parent/close releative upon interrogation: *tick onlyone 			
4)	A (deceased) sibling with any type of childhood malignancy : yes no			
	If yes, specify malignancy and age at diagnosis:			
5)	Genetic diagnosis of Lynch syndrome in one or both of the parental families yes no			
	If yes, specify: paternal maternal: MMR gene and mutation			
6)	A carcinoma from the Lynch syndrome spectrum* before the age of 60 years in first-degree or second-degree relative: yes no			
	If yes, specify relationship to patient, carcinoma and age at diagnosis:			
	*col ore ctal, endometrial, ovarian, gastric, small bowel, bile duct or gall bladder, pancreatic, urothelial carcinoma			
<i>In the</i> 7)	<i>patient:</i> Hypopigmented skin areas (ash-leave spots): yes no			
	If yes, no. of macules > 1cm [] max. size (cm) [];			
	body distribution segmental generalized			
8)	Atypical CALMs (irregular borders and/or pigmentation) *: yes no (*If yes, also fill question A1 and body scheme on page 1)			
9)	Pilomatricoma (=calcifying epithelioma of Malherbe) yes no			
	If yes; no. []; age at diagnosis in years [; ;]; localisation:			



10) Other cutaneous alterations (e.g. hemangioma, hairy naevi, Lupus erythematosus etc.)

	yes no (specify)				
11)	Congenital brain anomalies*: yes nd not known ^a				
	^a tick when no brain MRI was performed;				
	Other congenital anomalies*: yes no not known				
	*Brain anomalies, e.g. multiple developmental vascular anomalities (DVAs) in separate regions of the brain, brain cavernoma, agenesis of corpus callosum +/- gray matter heterotopia; Other anomalies, e.g. syndactyly; urinary tract or genital parts; heart and vessel; dysmorphic features; other				
СММ	RD testing results				
1)	Mismatch repair mutation analysis performed, please tick which genes were analysed:				
	MLH1 MSH2				
	MSH6 PMS2				
	was performed				
	Specify lab that performed the analysis and method used:				
	mentionall methods a pplied: e.g. massive parallel s equencing of gene panel (NGS, incl./excl. CNV a nalysis), RNA - a na lysis by cDNA s equencing, CNV-analysis by MLPA, other				
Mutation(s) or variant(s) of unknown significance (VUS) found: yes no					
	If yes, specify mutation or VUS:				
2)	Functional analyses performed: yes no for a specify method:				
	gMSI according to Ingham et al.				
	Methylation tolerance testing according to Bodo et al.				
	High-sensitivity microsatellite instability assay according to Gonzalez-Acosta et al.				
	High-sensitivity microsatellite instability assay according to Gallon et al.				
	Other, please specify:				
	Fuctional testing results indicated CMMRD: yes no				

<u>Send a copy of the completed form to study center</u>: email: katharina.wimmer@i-med.ac.at, Institut für Humangenetik, Medizinische Universität Innsbruck, Peter-Mayr-Str 1, 6020 Innsbruck, Austria



Evaluation whether C4CMMRD criteria for testing are fulfilled

Summary table which can be used at your own discretion to summarize whether the patient meets the testing criteria. It is *not* required to fill out this table to enter the patient in the study/database. Patient fulfills criteria for CMMRD testing when all three prerequisites are fulfilled and at least one additional feature (either in the family or in the patient) is present:

Criteria for CMMRD testing fulfilled: yes

no

Criteria for CMMRD counselling and testing in a child suspected to have		
NF1/Legius syndrome without malignancy		
Prerequisites fulfilled:		no
Suspicion of NF1 due to the presence of at least one diagnostic NF1 feature*,		
including at least two hyperpigmented skin patches reminiscent of CALMs		
No NF1 and SPRED1 germline mutations detected using comprehensive and		
highly sensitive mutation analysis protocols.		
Absence of diagnostic NF1 sign(s) in both parents.		
Additional features in the family:		
Consanguineous parents.		
Sibling with diagnostic NF1 sign(s)		
A (deceased) sibling with any type of childhood malignancy		
Genetic diagnosis of Lynch syndrome in one or both of the parental families		
Carcinoma(s) from the Lynch syndrome spectrum ^a before the age of 60 years		
in first-degree or second-degree relative		
Additional features in the patient:		
Atypical CALMs (irregular borders and/or pigmentation)		
Hypopigmented skin patches		
One or more pilomatricoma(s) in the patient		
brain MRI in the patient: multiple developmental vascular abnormalities		
(DVAs) in separate regions of the brain		
agenesis of the corpus callosum		
non-therapy-induced cavernoma		

* Neurofibromatosis conference statement.(1)

^a colorectal, endometrial, ovarian, gastric, small bowel, bile duct or gall bladder, pancreatic, urothelial cancer

1. Neurofibromatosis. Conference statement. National Institutes of Health Consensus Development Conference. Arch Neurol. 1988;45(5):575-8.